

# Categorical logic meets double categories

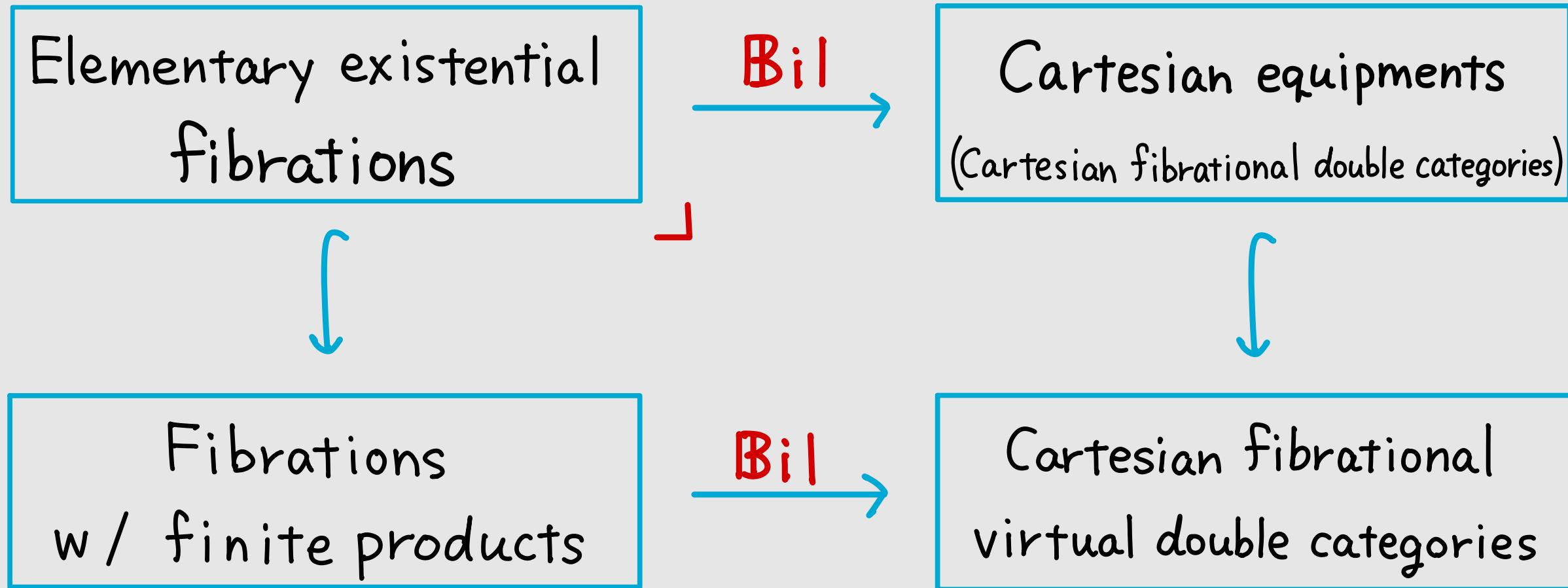
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CT 2025 , Brno

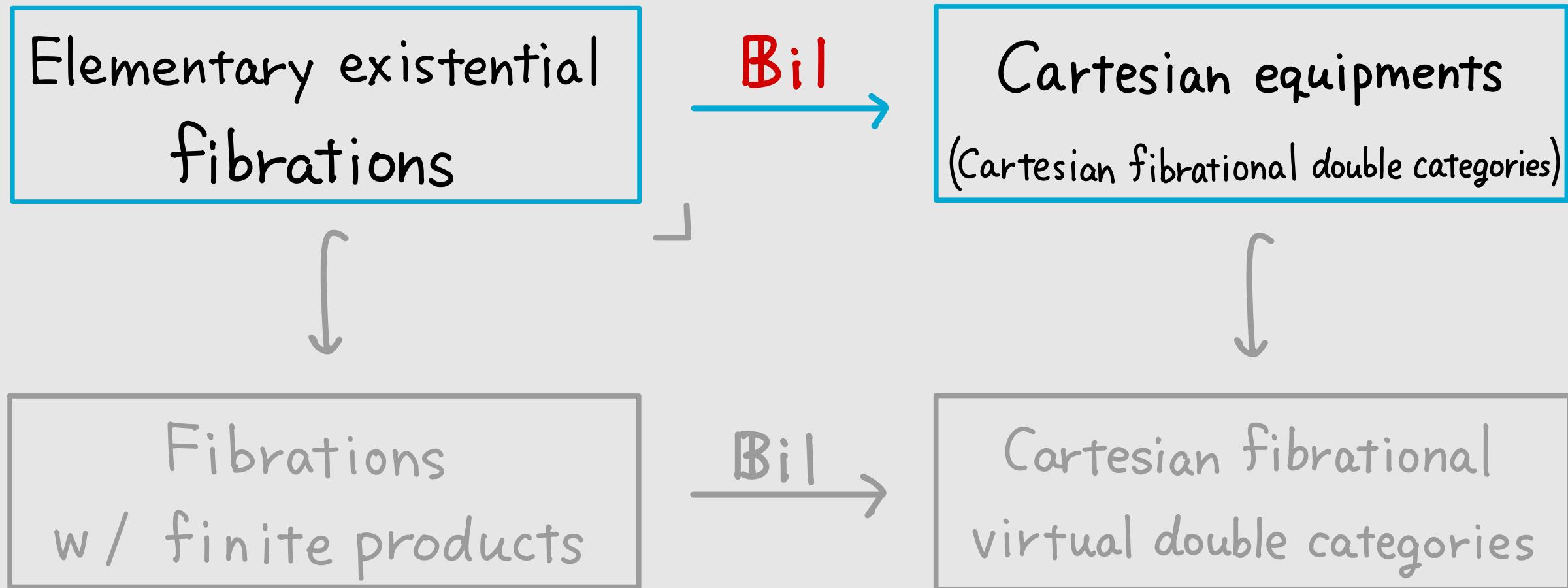
June 14 , 2025

Logical Aspects of Virtual double categories , master's thesis, 2025  
arXiv:2501.17869

# Main result



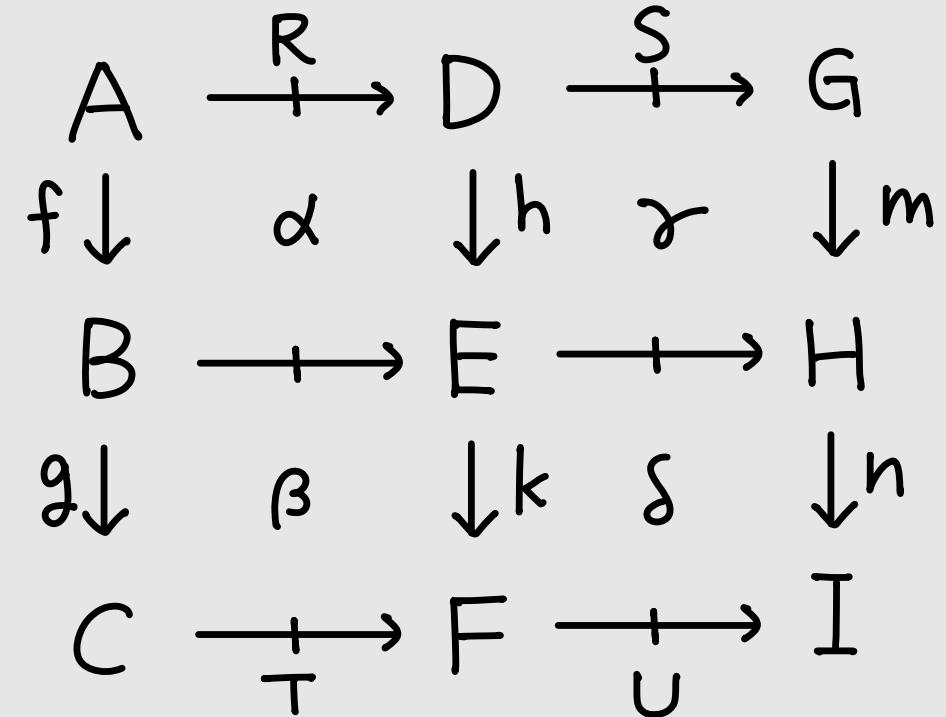
# Main result



# The double category of relations

the double category  $\text{Rel}$

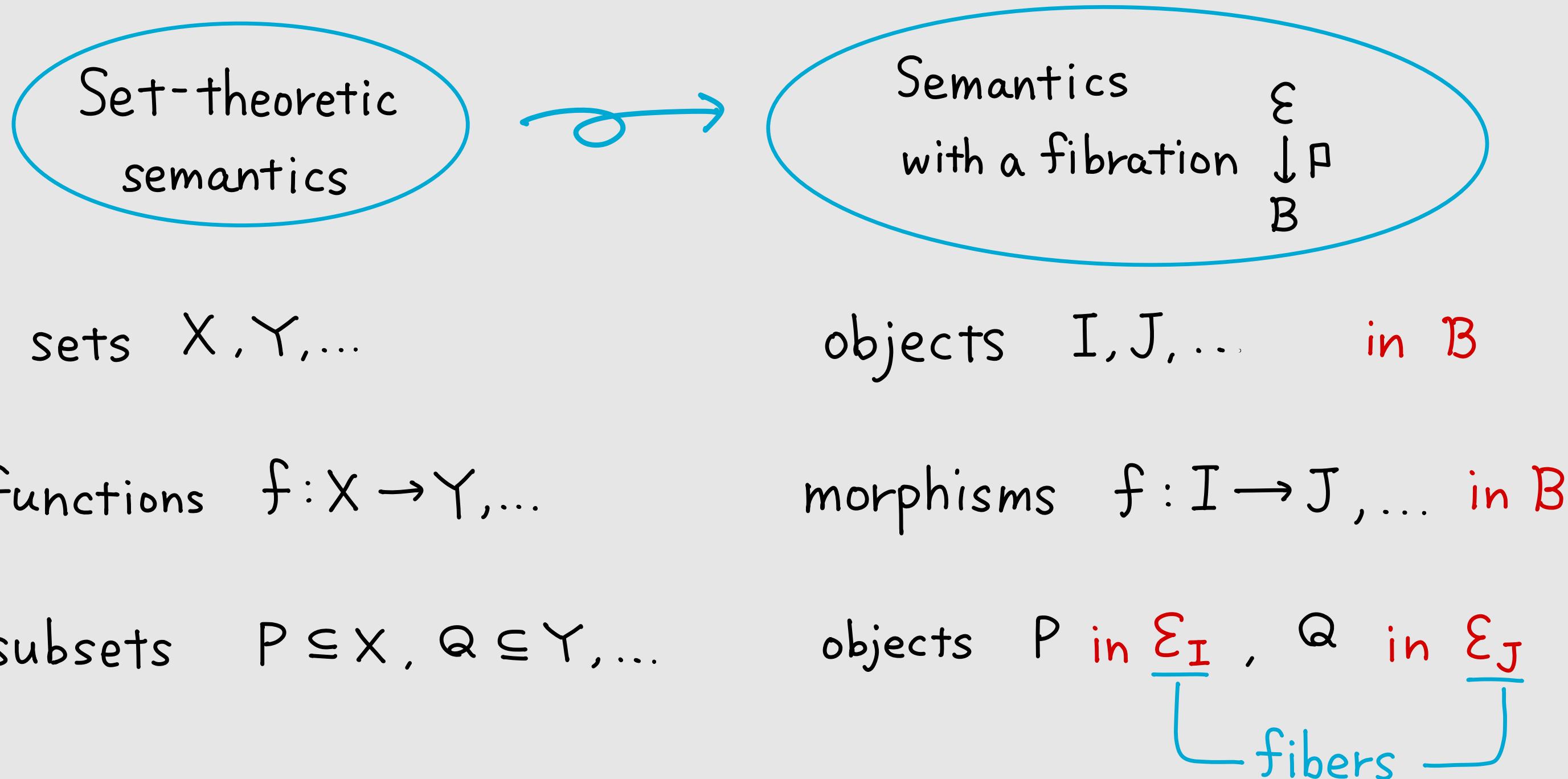
- $A, B, \dots$  : sets
- $f, g, \dots$  : functions
- $R, S, \dots$  : binary relations
- $\alpha, \beta, \dots$  : implication



Remark

$$R \circ S (a, g) \stackrel{\text{def}}{\iff} \exists d \in D (R(a, d) \wedge S(d, g))$$

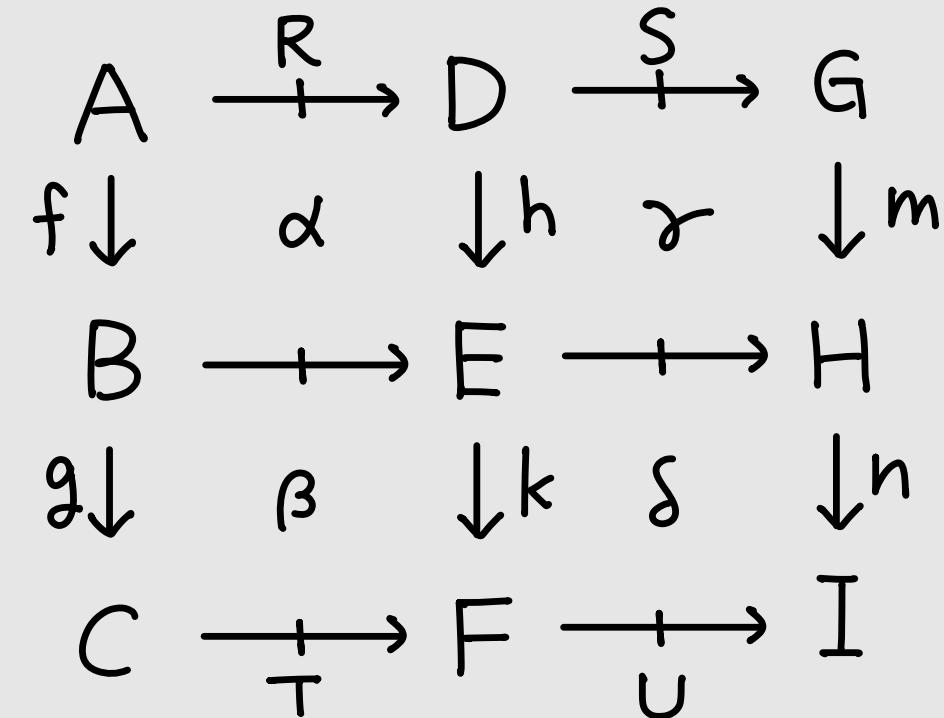
# Fibrations as stages of predicate logic



# Double categories of relations w.r.t. fibrations

the double category  $\text{Rel}(\mathbb{P} : \mathcal{E} \rightarrow \mathcal{B})$

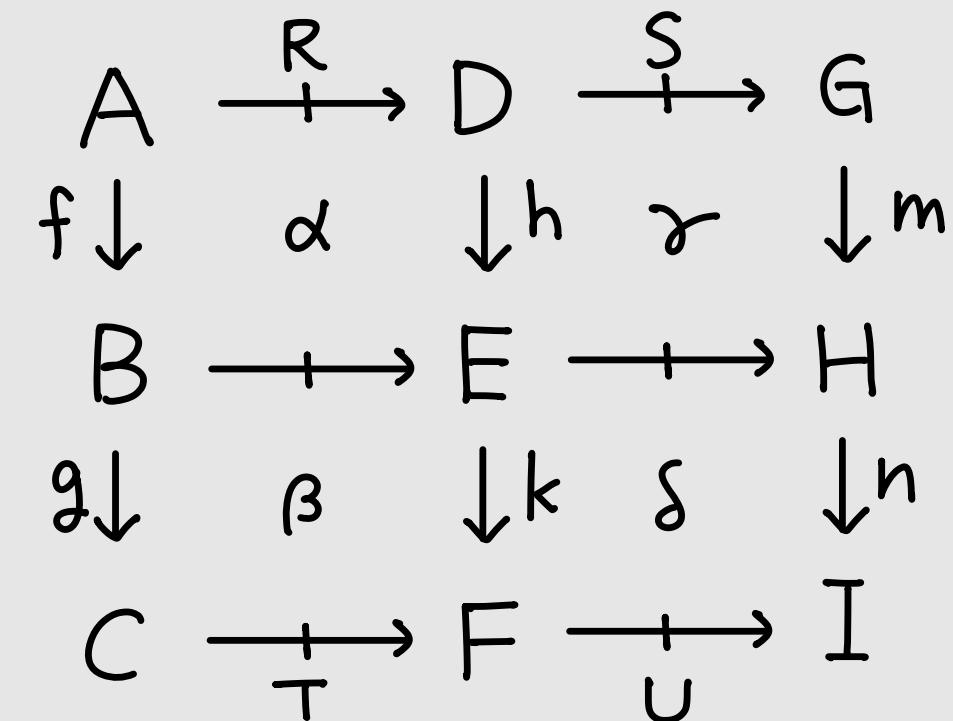
- $A, B, \dots$  : objects in  $\mathcal{B}$
- $f, g, \dots$  : morphisms in  $\mathcal{B}$
- $A \xrightarrow{R} D, \dots$  : objects in  $\mathcal{E}_{A \times D}$
- $\alpha, \beta, \dots$  : morphisms in  $\mathcal{E}$



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$\mathbf{P}$  needs to have structures for  $\exists$  and  $=$  in order to define composition.

= elementary existential fibrations

\* In my thesis, I write this as  $\text{Bil}(\mathbf{P})$ .

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Proposition.

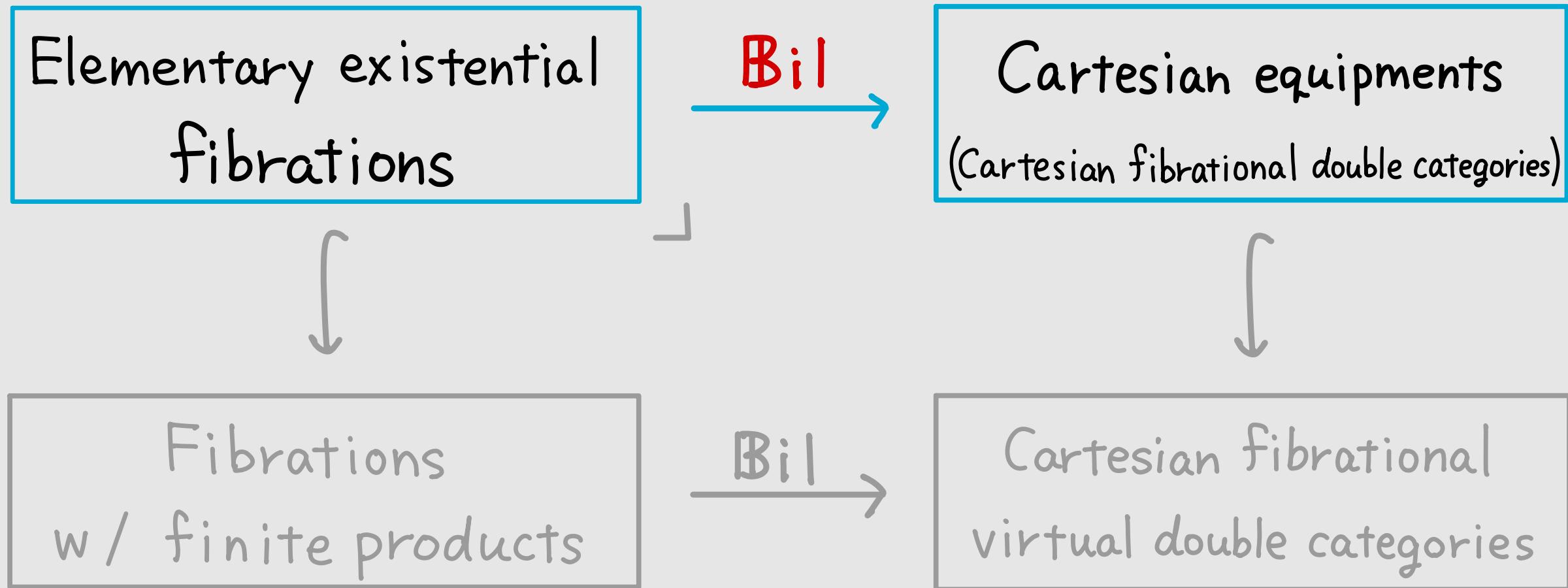
$\text{Rel}(\mathbf{P})$  is  
a cartesian equipment.

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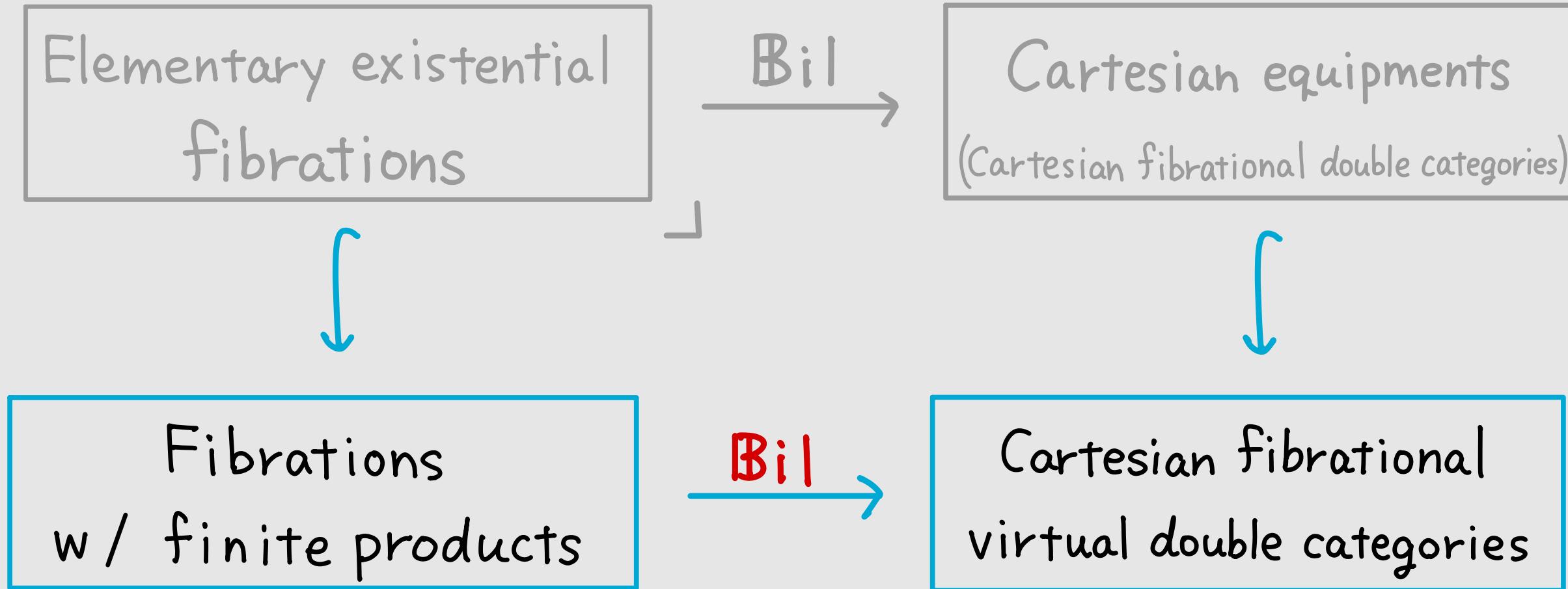
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# Main result



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$E \xrightarrow{p} B$  : a fibration  
with finite products



- ✓ functions
- ✓ composition of functions
- ✓ relations
- ✗ composition of relations

$\mathcal{E}$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $\square$  : a fibration  
with finite products



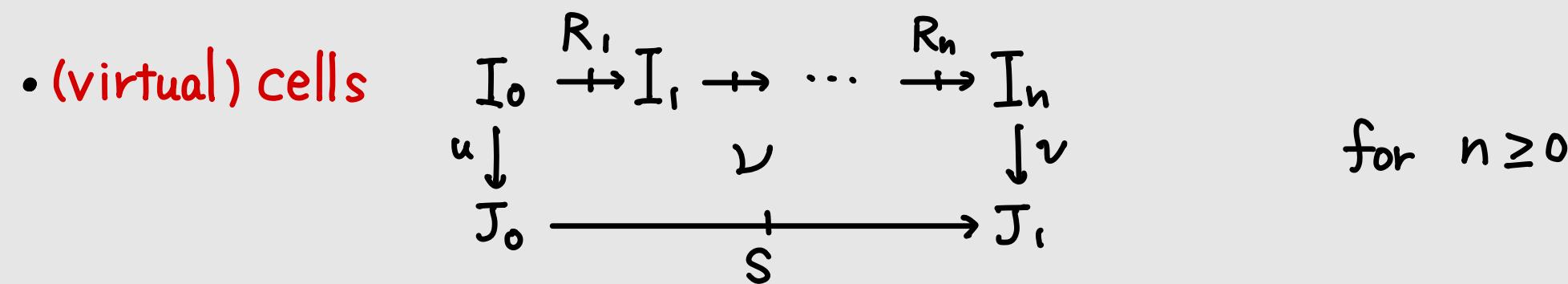
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Virtual double categories !

# Virtual double categories

Definition. A virtual double category (VDC)  $\mathbb{D}$  consists of

- objects  $I, J, \dots$
- vertical arrows  $\begin{matrix} I \\ \downarrow u \\ J \end{matrix}, \dots$
- horizontal arrows  $I \xrightarrow{\alpha} K, \dots$



with compositions of vertical arrows and cells that satisfy some laws.

Virtual double categories = Double categories  
w/o arbitrary horizontal composition.

$\rightsquigarrow$  Double categories  $\simeq$  VDCs with horizontal composition.

## Key observation

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & \xrightarrow{R} & Y \xrightarrow{S} Z \\ \parallel & & \parallel \\ X & \xrightarrow{T} & Z \end{array} \quad \text{in Rel}$$

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$$\iff \exists y \in Y ( R(x,y) \wedge S(y,z)) \Rightarrow T(x,z) (\forall x, z)$$

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$\exists$  is not necessary to define virtual cells !

# Go virtual !

$\mathcal{E}$   
 $\downarrow \mathbf{P}$  : a fibration  
with finite products

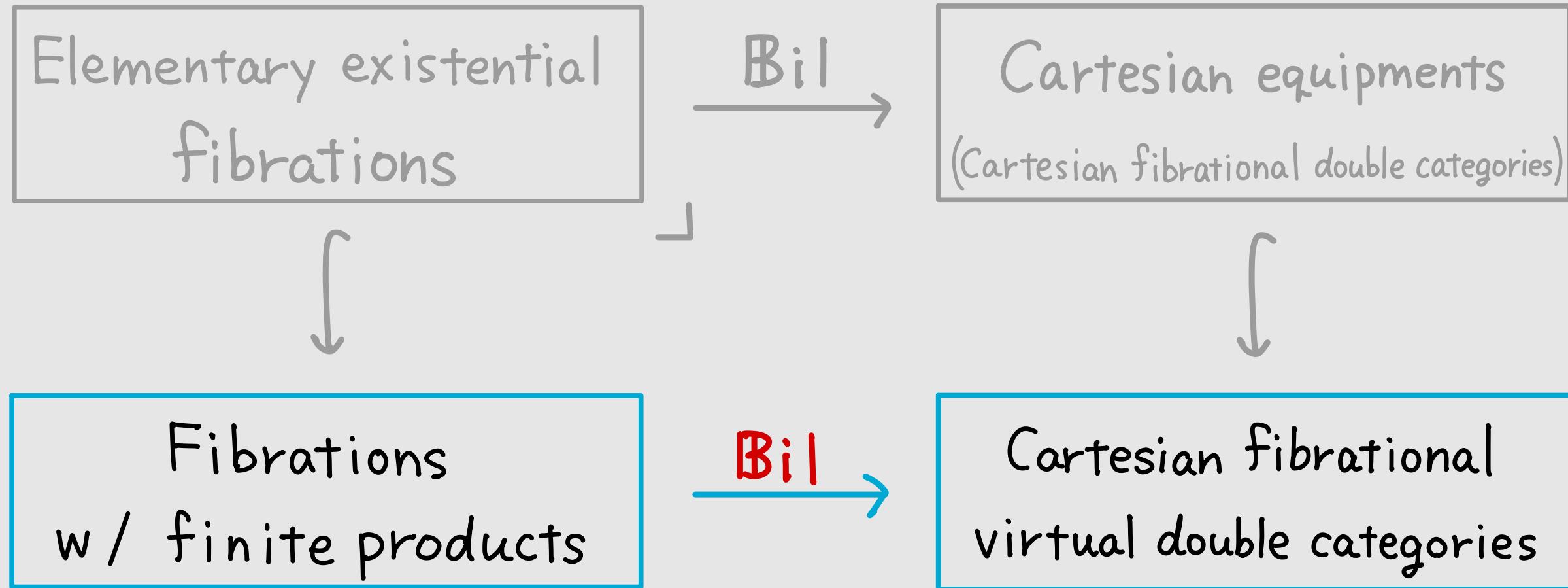


- ✓ functions
- ✓ composition of functions
- ✓ relations
- ✗ composition of relations
- ✓ virtual cells

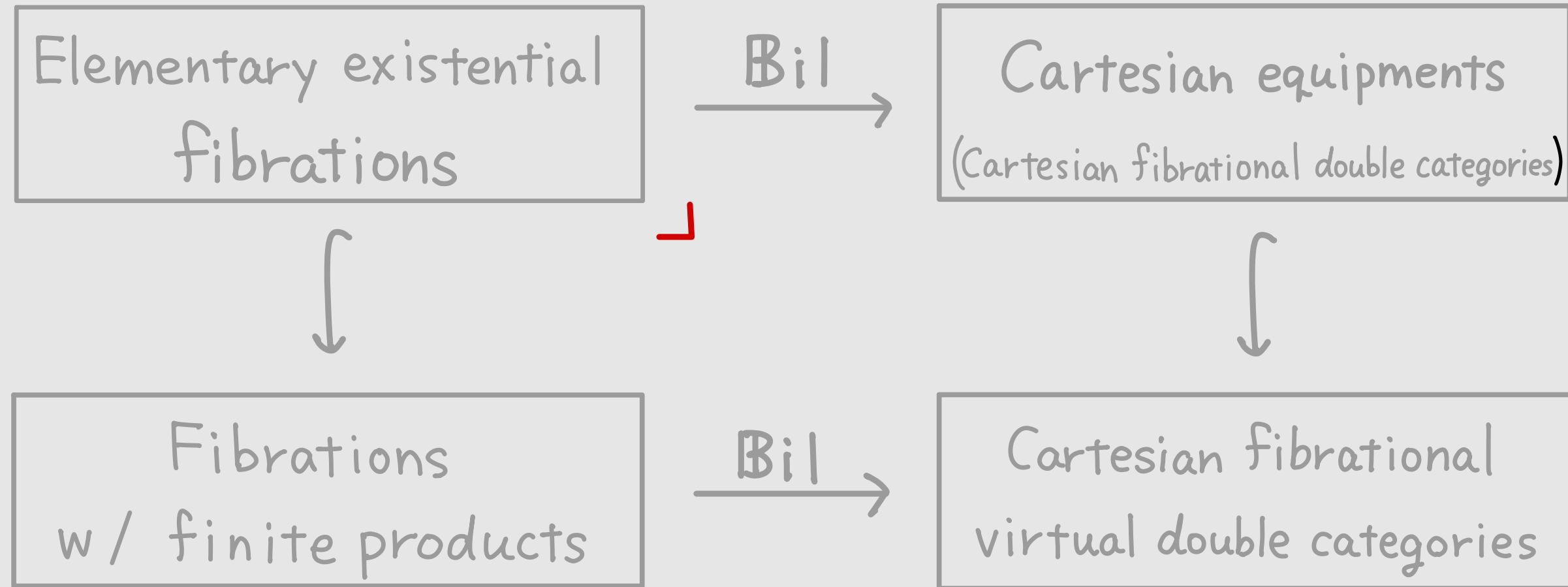
## Proposition [N.]

$\text{Rel}(\mathbf{P})$  is a cartesian fibrational virtual double category.

# Main result



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# Main result

Elementary existential  
fibrations

Bil

Cartesian equipments

(Cartesian fibrational double categories)



Fibrations  
w / finite products

Bil

Cartesian fibrational  
virtual double categories

Theorem.[N.]

$\mathbf{p}$  : fibration with finite products

$\mathbf{p}$  : an e.e. fibration  $\Leftrightarrow$  Bil( $\mathbf{p}$ ) : a cartesian equipment

## What's the importance?

1. This theorem justifies the idea that  
composition of relations requires  $\exists$  and  $=$ .
2. Elementary existential fibrations are assumed  
to satisfy  $\begin{cases} \text{the Beck - Chevalley condition} \\ \text{the Frobenius reciprocity} \end{cases}$ .  
 $\text{Rel}(\mathbf{P})$  being a cartesian equipment is enough to imply these.

# Main result

Elementary existential  
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Fibrations  
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Theorem.[N.]

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$\mathbf{P}$  : an e.e. fibration  $\Leftrightarrow$   $\text{Bil}(\mathbf{P})$  : a cartesian equipment

# Thank you!

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<https://hayatonasu.github.io/hayatonasu/>

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## Corollaries

- $\mathcal{C}$  : a category with finite limits  $\rightsquigarrow \text{Sub}(\mathcal{C}) \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$  : a cartesian fibration.

$\text{Rel}(\mathcal{C}) := \text{Bil}(\text{Sub}(\mathcal{C}) \rightarrow \mathcal{C})$  is a cartesian equipment

$\Leftrightarrow \text{Sub}(\mathcal{C}) \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$  is an e.e. fibration  $\xrightleftharpoons[\text{[Jacobs '99]}]{}$   $\mathcal{C}$  : regular

- $Q$  : a  $\wedge$ -semilattice  $\rightsquigarrow \text{Fam}(Q) \xrightarrow{f_Q} \text{Set}$  : a cartesian fibration.

$Q\text{-Rel} := \text{Bil}(f_Q)$  is a cartesian equipment

$\Leftrightarrow f_Q$  is an e.e. fibration  $\xrightleftharpoons[\text{[Jacobs '99]}]{}$   $Q$  : a frame.

# Definitions

A fibration  $P$  is **cartesian** if

- $B$  has **finite products**, and
- all fibers  $\Sigma_I$  have **finite products** preserved by the base change functors.

$P$  is **elementary existential (e.e.)** if

- it is cartesian,
- the base change functors along  $I \times J \xrightarrow{\pi} I$  &  $I \times J \xrightarrow{id \times \Delta} I \times J \times J$  have **left adjoints**, and
- BC condition and Frobenius reciprocity hold for these adjoints.

A **restriction** of

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A & \downarrow f & C \\ B & \xrightarrow{\gamma} D & \downarrow g \end{array}$$

the universal cell

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A & \xrightarrow{\quad} & C \\ f \downarrow & \bullet & \downarrow g \\ B & \xrightarrow{\gamma} & D \end{array} .$$

A VDC is **fibrational** if it admits all restrictions.

A fibrational VDC is **cartesian** if the right adjoints below exist.

$$D \xrightleftharpoons[\perp]{!} 1, \quad D \xrightleftharpoons[\perp]{\Delta} D \times D \quad \text{in } FVDC.$$